

City of Morrill Morrill, Kansas

Report on the Audit of the Basic Financial Statements As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2015 City of Morrill Morrill, Kansas For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Table of Contents

Financial Section	Page
Independent Auditors' Report	1-2
Basic Financial Statements:	
Summary Statement of Receipts and Expenditures - Regulatory Basis	3
Summary of Expenditures - Actual and Budget - Regulatory Basis	4
Regulatory-Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures – Actual and Budget – General Fund Regulatory Basis	5
Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures – Actual and Budget – Fire Department Fund Regulatory Basis	6
Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures – Actual and Budget – Special Street Fund Regulatory Basis	7
Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures – Actual and Budget – Employee Benefit Regulatory Basis	8
Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures – Actual and Budget – Water Utility Fund Regulatory Basis	9
Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures – Actual and Budget – Electric Utility Fund Regulatory Basis	10
Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures – Actual and Budget – Sewer Utility Fund Regulatory Basis	11
Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures – Actual and Budget – Trash Collection Regulatory Basis	12
Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures – Actual – Capital Outlay Fund Regulatory Basis	13
Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures – Trust and Agency Funds Regulatory Basis	14
Notes to Financial Statements	15-22



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor, Roger Price Members of the City Council City of Morrill, Kansas Morrill, Kansas

We have audited the accompanying fund summary statements of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures, and unencumbered cash balances of the City of Morrill, Kansas as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statement.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide (KMAAG) as described in Note 1 to meet the financial reporting requirements of the State of Kansas; this includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide (KMAAG). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements.

An audit involves preforming procedures to obtain audit evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by the Municipality to meet the requirements of the State of Kansas on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above does not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the City of Morrill, Kansas as of December 31, 2015, or changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the aggregate cash and unencumbered cash balances of the City of Morrill, Kansas, as of December 31, 2015, and the aggregate cash receipts and expenditures for the year then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide described in Note 1.

Report on Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts and expenditures (basic financial statement) as a whole. The summary of regulatory basis expenditures-actual and budget, individual fund schedules of regulatory basis receipts and expenditures-actual and budget, schedule of regulatory basis receipts and expenditures-agency funds are presented for analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statement, however are required to be presented under the provisions of the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statement. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statement or to the basic financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statement as a whole, on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Julie D. Bauman, CPA, P.6 July 20, 2016



City of Morrill, Kansas Summary Statement of Receipts and Expenditures Regulatory Basis Year Ended December 31, 2015

		Beginning Cash Balance		Cash Receipts		oursements	Ending Cash <u>Balance</u>		
General Operating	\$	16,883	\$	71,827	\$	67,010	\$	21,700	
Special Revenue Funds:									
Special Street		9,002		5,950		10,957		3,995	
Morrill Fire Department		48,556		22,172		16,193		54,535	
Employee Benefits		3,919		17,311		20,574		656	
Capital Outlay Fund		24,273		35,307		23,307		36,273	
Enterprise Funds: Water Utility Funds:									
Water Utility		19,385		55,303		49,696		24,992	
Water Deposits		385		350		250		485	
Electric Utility Fund:									
Electric Utility		86,939		214,870		192,565		109,244	
Electric Deposit		950		700		700		950	
Sewer Utility Fund		45,656		19,118		25,772		39,002	
Trash Collection		7,862		10,691		10,476		8,077	
Agency Funds:									
Petty Cash		130		1,227		1,147		210	
Total Reporting Entity	\$	263,940	\$	454,826	\$	418,647	\$	300,119	
Transfers				-		**			
Net Receipts and Disbursemen	ts		\$	454,826	\$	418,647			
				position of Ca	ank	۸.	210.150		
				ficates of Dep		aliK	\$	210,169	
				•			89,900		
			Cash on Hand Under Deposit					50	
			Onde	i pehosit			<u> </u>	300,119	
							ې	300,113	

City of Morrill, Kansas Summary of Expenditures - Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis Year Ended December 31, 2015

		Cash				-	ariance vorable	
	<u>Disbursements</u> <u>Budget</u>					(Unfavorable)		
General Fund	\$	67,010	\$	95,000		\$	27,990	
Special Revenue Funds:								
Special Street		10,957		25,000			14,043	
Morrill Fire Department	16,193 22,000						5,807	
Employee Benefits		20,574		22,000			1,426	
Enterprise Funds:								
Water Utility		49,696		80,000			30,304	
Electric Utility		192,565		235,000			42,435	
Sewer Fund		25,772		40,000			14,228	
Trash Fund		10,476		14,000			3,524	
Total Budget Funds	\$	393,243	\$	533,000		\$	139,757	

REGULATORY-REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of Morrill, Kansas General Fund

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget

Regulatory Basis

Year Ended December 31, 2015

	2014 Actual		· · · · · · · · ·	2015 Actual		2015 Budget		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
CASH RECEIPTS:									
Ad Valorem	\$	17,945	\$	19,170	\$	19,493	\$	(323)	
Local Compensting Use Tax		3,225	·	2,979	•	5,000	•	(2,021)	
Redemptions		387		369		, <u>-</u>		369	
Deliquent Tax		69		-		75		(75)	
Motor Vehicle Tax		2,977		2,834		3,413		(579)	
Recreational Vehicle Tax		80		124		92		32	
Local Retail Sales Tax		16,353		16,025		18,572		(2,547)	
KPL Franchise Fees		6,166		4,773		8,000		(3,227)	
Late Charges		13,739		13,554		13,000		554	
Dog Tags		8		15		-		15	
Miscellaneous		-		(1,657)		_		(1,657)	
Insurance proceeds		1,979		3,361		1,800		1,561	
Embarq Franchise		100		100		100		<u>-</u>	
Parks and Recreation		3,795		1,180		5,500		(4,320)	
Federal/State Withholding Tax		8,749		9,000		9,600		(600)	
Total Cash Receipts		75,572		71,827	_	84,645		(12,818)	
CASH DISBURSEMENTS:									
Adminstration		16,851		17,705		24,200		6,495	
Police Department		75		252		600		348	
Fire Department		7,000		7,000		7,000		-	
Parks Department		5,929		5,631		7,000		1,369	
Street Lighting Department		1,189		1,220		1,200		(20)	
Highway Department		21,400		18,756		30,000		11,244	
Cemetary Department		7,000		4,500		4,500		_	
Federal Withholding		6,707		6,856		8,000		1,144	
Kansas Withholding		2,008		2,090		2,500		410	
Transfer		2,250		3,000		10,000		7,000	
Total Cash Disbursements		70,409		67,010		95,000		27,990	
Receipts over (under) disbursements		5,163		4,817					
CASH, BEGINNING BALANCE		11,720		16,883					
CASH, ENDING BALANCE	\$	16,883		21,700					

City of Morrill, Kansas Fire Department Fund

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures-Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis

Year Ended December 31, 2015

				Variance
	2014	2015	2015	Favorable
	Actual	Actual	Budget	(Unfavorable)
CASH RECEIPTS:				
City Support	\$ 16,02	5 11,126	22,000	(10,874)
Kansas Gas Service	1,71	1,466	-	1,466
Support Other	3,15	9,580	5,000	4,580
Total Cash Receipts	\$ 20,89	\$ 22,172	\$ 27,000	\$ (4,828)
CASH DISBURSEMENTS:				
Vehicle Expense	4,24	9 1,551	4,000	2,449
Mileage	1,01	3 1,780	2,000	220
Utilities	3,30	2,932	5,000	2,068
Equipment Maintenance	1,21	7 414	5,000	4,586
Miscellaneous	3,91	.2 908	-	(908)
Building Maintenance	69	0 403	1,000	597
Supplies	4	2 726	5,000	4,274
Insurance	5,58	6,260	-	(6,260)
Capital Outlay		1,219		(1,219)
Total Cash Disbursements	20,00	16,193	22,000	5,807
Receipts over (under) disbursements	88	5,979		
CASH, BEGINNING BALANCE	47,67	48,556		
CASH, ENDING BALANCE	\$ 48,55	6 \$ 54,535		

City of Morrill, Kansas Special Street Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures-Actual and Budget

Regulatory Basis Year Ended December 31, 2015

	2014 Actual	2015 Actual	2015 Budget	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
CASH RECEIPTS:				
Special Street and Highway Tax	\$ 5,87	⁷⁵ 5,950	6,000	(50)
Transfers	\$ -		15,000	(15,000)
Total Cash Receipts	\$ 5,87	\$ 5,950	\$ 21,000	\$ (15,050)
CASH DISBURSEMENTS:				
Street Materials	2,52	10,957	25,000	14,043
Total Cash Disbursements	2,52	10,957	\$ 25,000	\$ 14,043
Receipts over (under) disbursements	3,34	\$ (5,007)		
CASH, BEGINNING BALANCE	5,65	9,002		
CASH, ENDING BALANCE	\$ 9,00	\$ 3,995		

City of Morrill, Kansas Employee Benefit Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures-Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis

Year Ended December 31, 2015

							Va	riance
		2014	2015		2015		Favorable	
		Actual	Actual		Budget		(Unfavorable)	
CASH RECEIPTS:								
Ad Valorem	\$	7,196	\$	7,499	\$	7,626	\$	(127)
Deliquent Tax		36		-		50		(50)
Motor Vehicle Tax		2,024		1,461		1,800		(339)
Recreational Vehicle Tax		-		-		40		(40)
Employee Contributions		8,027		8,169		7,900		269
16/20M Vehicle Tax		-		-		90		(90)
Redemption Distribution		259		182		_		182
Total Cash Receipts	\$	17,542	\$	17,311	\$	17,506	\$	(195)
CASH DISBURSEMENTS:								
Social Security		10,298		10,006		11,000		994
Retirement		8,821		10,503		10,000		(503)
Unemployment		66		49		500		451
Miscellaneous	***************************************			16		500		484
Total Cash Disbursements		19,185	-	20,574		22,000		1,426
Receipts over (under) disbursements		(1,643)		(3,263)				
CASH, BEGINNING BALANCE		5,562		3,919				
CASH, ENDING BALANCE	\$	3,919	\$	656				

City of Morrill, Kansas Water Utility Fund Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures-Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis

Year Ending December 31, 2015

	2014 Actual			2015 Actual		2015 Budget		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
CASH RECEIPTS:										
Water Sales	\$	54,793		\$ 53,111		\$ 62,000		\$	(8,889)	
Reconnect Fees		375		1,440		400			1,040	
Miscellaneous		-		618		150			468	
Water Protection Fees		151		134	_	500	_		(366)	
Total Cash Receipts	\$	55,319		\$ 55,303	=	\$ 63,050		\$	(7,747)	
CASH DISBURSEMENTS:										
Water Purchased		18,974		20,071		28,000			7,929	
Personnel Services		14,119		11,080		10,000			(1,080)	
Contractual Services		6,297		5,231		8,000			2,769	
Commodities		18,830		8,406		15,000			6,594	
Transfer to Capital Outlay		2,250		3,000		8,000			5,000	
Miscellaneous		1,160		1,908		_			(1,908)	
Water Tower		-			-	11,000	_		11,000	
Total Cash Disbursements		61,630		49,696	=	80,000	===		30,304	
Receipts over (under) disbursements		(6,311)		5,607						
CASH, BEGINNING BALANCE		25,696		19,385						
CASH, ENDING BALANCE	\$	19,385	<u> </u>	\$ 24,992						

City of Morrill, Kansas Electric Utility Fund

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures-Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis

Year Ended December 31, 2015

	2014 Actual			2015 Actual	 2015 Budget	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
CASH RECEIPTS:								
Sales	\$	227,579	\$	213,524	\$ 223,000	\$	(9,476)	
Reconnect Fees		310		450	500		(50)	
Material Sales		3,433		356	5,000		(4,644)	
Miscellaneous		-	 	540	 1,000	Mile Alle	(460)	
Total Cash Receipts	\$	231,322	\$	214,870	\$ 229,500	\$	(14,630)	
CASH DISBURSEMENTS:								
Capital Outlay-Construction of Lines	5	40,631		-	28,000		28,000	
Electrical Energy Purchased		113,268		99,518	110,000		10,482	
Personnel Services		24,485		29,314	30,000		686	
Contractural Services		1,100		1,058	3,000		1,942	
Commodities		15,988		18,927	22,000		3,073	
Insurance		21,431		29,947	22,000		(7,947)	
Sales Tax		14,459		10,801	17,000		6,199	
Transfer to Capital Outlay		2,750		3,000	 3,000		_	
Total Cash Disbursements		234,112	\$	192,565	\$ 235,000	\$	42,435	
Receipts over (under) disbursements		(2,790)		22,305				
CASH, BEGINNING BALANCE		89,729		86,939				
CASH, ENDING BALANCE	\$	86,939	\$	109,244				

City of Morrill, Kansas Sewer Utility Fund Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures-Actual and Budget

Regulatory Basis Year Ended December 31, 2015

	2014 Actual			2015 Actual	{	2015 Budget	Fa	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
CASH RECEIPTS:										
Services	\$	18,649	\$	19,118	\$	21,000	\$	(1,882)		
Total Cash Receipts	\$	18,649	\$	19,118	\$	21,000	\$	(1,882)		
CASH DISBURSEMENTS:										
Capital Outlay	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,000		2,000		
Personnel Services		15,646		13,952		13,000		(952)		
Contractural Services		10,290		6,277		20,000		13,723		
Commodities		17,013		2,543		500		(2,043)		
Transfer to Capital Outlay		2,750	4	3,000		4,500		1,500		
Total Cash Disbursements		45,699		25,772		40,000		14,228		
Receipts over (under) disbursements		(27,050)		(6,654)						
CASH, BEGINNING BALANCE		72,706		45,656						
CASH, ENDING BALANCE	\$	45,656	\$	39,002						

City of Morrill, Kansas Trash Collection Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget Regulatory Basis Year Ended December 31, 2015

	2014 Actual						2015 Budget	Fa	ariance vorable avorable)
CASH RECEIPTS:						*****			
User Fees	\$	10,606		\$	10,691	_5	14,000	\$	(3,309)
Total Cash Receipts	\$	10,606		\$	10,691	<u> </u>	14,000	\$	(3,309)
CASH DISBURSEMENTS:									
Contractural Services		10,496	,		10,476		14,000		3,524
Total Cash Disbursements		10,496			10,476		14,000	\$	3,524
Receipts over (under) disbursements		110			215				
CASH, BEGINNING BALANCE	-	7,752			7,862				
CASH, ENDING BALANCE	\$	7,862	:	\$	8,077				

City of Morrill, Kansas Capital Outlay Fund Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures Regulatory Basis Year Ended December 31, 2015

	2014	2015
	Actual	Actual
CASH RECEIPTS:		
Transfer from General Fund	\$ 2,250	\$ 3,000
Transfer from Water Fund	2,250	3,000
Transfer from Sewer Fund	2,750	3,000
Transfer from Electric Fund	2,750	3,000
Transfer from Fire Fund		1,219
FEMA Grant		22,088
Total Cash Receipts	\$ 10,000	\$ 35,307
CASH DISBURSEMENTS:		
Fire Gear	11,000_	23,307
Total Cash Disbursements	11,000	23,307
Receipts over (under) disbursements	(1,000)	12,000
CASH, BEGINNING BALANCE	25,273	24,273
CASH, ENDING BALANCE	\$ 24,273	\$ 36,273

City of Morrill, Kansas Trust and Agency Funds Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures Regulatory Basis Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Petty Cash
CASH RECEIPTS:	
Cash Receipts	\$ 1,227
Total Cash Receipts	1,227
CASH DISBURSEMENTS:	
Disbursements	1,147
Total Cash Disbursements	1,147
CASH, BEGINNING BALANCE	130
CASH, ENDING BALANCE	\$ 210

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting -

The accounts of the City of Morrill, Kansas are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity.

The following types of funds comprise the financial activities of the City for 2015.

Governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> – to account for all unrestricted resources except those required to be accounted for in other funds or account groups.

<u>Special revenue funds</u> – to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources or to finance specified activities as required by law or administrative regulation.

<u>Capital project funds</u> – to account for major capital expenditures not financed by other funds.

Proprietary funds:

<u>Enterprise funds</u> – to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to business enterprises-where the stated intent is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges-or where periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is deemed appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

Fiduciary funds:

Agency funds – to account for assets held by the governmental entity as trustee or agent for others.

B. Basis of Accounting

These financial statements are presented on a basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the cash basis and budget laws of Kansas. Cash receipts are recognized when the cash balance of a fund is increased. For an interfund transaction, a cash receipt is recorded in the fund from which the cash is transferred. Expenditures include disbursements, accounts payable, and encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executor) contracts for goods and services, and are usually evidenced by a purchase order or written contract.

C. <u>Departure from Generally Accepted Accounting Principles</u>

Regulatory Basis of Accounting and Departure from Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America. The KMAAG regulatory basis of accounting involves the recognition of cash, cash equivalents, marketable investments, and certain accounts payable and encumbrance obligations to arrive at a net unencumbered cash and investments balance on a regulatory basis for each fund, and the reporting of changes in unencumbered cash and investments of a fund resulting from the difference in regulatory basis receipts and regulatory basis expenditures for the fiscal year. All recognized assets and liabilities are measured and reported at cost, unless they have been permanently impaired and have no future cash value or represent no future obligation against cash. The KMAAG regulatory basis does not recognize capital assets, long-term debt, accrued receivables and payables, or any other assets, liabilities or deferred inflows or outflows, other than those mentioned above.

The municipality has approved a resolution that is in compliance with K.S.A. 75-1120a(c), waiving the requirement for application of generally accepted accounting principles and allowing the municipality to use the regulatory basis of accounting.

D. Budgetary Information

Kansas statutes require that an annual operating budget be legally adopted for the general fund, special revenue funds (unless specifically exempted by statue), debt service funds and enterprise funds. The statutes provide for the following sequence and timetable in the adoption of the legal annual operating budget:

- 1. Preparation of the budget for the succeeding calendar year on or before August 1.
- 2. Publication in local newspaper of the proposed budget and notice of public hearing on the budget on or before August 5.
- 3. Public hearing on or before August 15, but at least ten days after publication of notice of hearing.
- 4. Adoption of the final budget on or before August 25.

The statues allow for the governing body to increase the originally adopted budget for previously unbudgeted increases in revenue other than ad valorem property taxes. To do this, a notice of public hearing to amend the budget must be published in the local newspaper. At least ten days after publication, the hearing may be held and the governing body may amend the budget at that time. There were no such budget amendments for the year ended December 31, 2015.

The statutes permit transferring budgeted amounts between line items within an individual fund. However, such statutes prohibit expenditures in excess of the total amount of the adopted budget of expenditures of individual funds. Budget comparison statements are presented for each fund showing actual receipts and expenditures compared to legally budgeted receipts and expenditures.

All legal annual operating budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting, modified further by the encumbrance method of accounting. Revenues are recognized when cash is received. Expenditures include disbursements, accounts payable and encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments by the municipality for future payments and are supported by a document evidencing the commitment, such as a purchase order or contract. All unencumbered appropriations (legal budget expenditure authority) lapse at year-end.

A legal operating budget is not required for capital project funds.

Spending in funds, which are not subject to the legal annual operating budget requirement, is controlled by federal regulations, other statutes, or by the use of internal spending limits established by the governing body.

E. Reporting Entity

This report includes all of the services provided by the City of Morrill to residents and businesses within its boundaries and includes all of its component units.

Note 2 – Deposits

At year-end, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$299,859 and the bank balance was \$299,971. The difference between the carrying amount and the bank balance is December interest earned. The bank balance is covered by FDIC insurance and collateralized by pledged securities held under joint custody receipts issued by a third-party bank in the City's name and insurance.

Composition of Cash and Investments

	Amount
Morrill and Janes Bank:	
Checking	\$ 209,959
Petty Cash	210
Cash on Hand	50
Total	\$ 210,219

Certificate of Deposit	\$ 89,900
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 300,119

Note 3 - Taxes

Property Taxes – The determination of assessed valuations and the collection of property taxes for all political subdivisions in the State of Kansas is the responsibility of the various counties. The County Appraiser annually determines assessed valuations and the County Clerk spreads the annual assessment on the tax rolls. The County Treasurer is the tax collection agent for all taxing entities within the county.

In accordance with state statutes, property taxes levied during the current year are a revenue source to be used to finance the budget of the following year. Taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis and become a lien on the property on November 1 of each year. One-half of the property taxes is due December 20, prior to the fiscal year for which they are budgeted, and the second half is due the following May 10.

Motor Vehicle Taxes – Since 1981 most motor vehicles became subject to a special tax paid at the time of registration instead of the traditional property tax. In 1995, the legislature enacted a five-year phase down in the assessment rate on motor vehicles for 30% to 20% of market value.

In 2015, the City received the following from county and state taxes:

	General <u>Fund</u>	Street <u>Fund</u>	Employee Benefit <u>Fund</u>
Property Taxes Motor Vehicle Taxes Sales and Use Taxes Other Vehicle Taxes State Highway Aid	\$ 19,170 2,834 16,025 124	\$ - - - - 5,950	\$ 7,499 1,461 - -
	<u>\$ 38,153</u>	<u>\$ 5,950</u>	\$ 8,960

The assessed valuation in 2015 was \$1,388,346, which was used to determine the mill levy for 2015. The mill levy was 19.533 for 2015.

Note 4 - Utilities

The City provides water, sewer, electric and solid waste services. The City reads the meters at the 18th of each month and mails their utility bills on the 20th day of each month for the previous month's service. The utility bills are due the tenth day of the month. Payments received after this date, are subjected to a late charge of 10.0% on the unpaid bill. If bills are not paid by the tenth of the following month a disconnect notice is sent and service will be disconnected on the twenty-first.

The City requires that, at the time of making application for utility service, the property owner or customer shall make a cash deposit in the amount of \$50 for water service and \$100 for electric service, set by the governing body to secure payment of accrued bills or bills due on discontinuance of service.

Note 4 – Utilities (continued)

The amount due to the City for utility services as of December 31, 2015 was \$22,273.20, of which \$6,864.00 is related to the December billings (due January 10, 2016). The amount due to customers for utility deposits as of December 31, 2015 was water \$725, electric \$1,400.

Utility Rates as of December 31, 2015 are as follows:

Water Rates:

Minimum charge

\$26.10 for residents inside city limits includes 1,000 gallons

Minimum charge

\$30.72 for residents outside city limits includes 1,000 gallons Next 1,000 gallons \$4.64 per 1,000 gallons, inside the City limits

\$4.64 per 1,000 gallons, outside the City limits

Sewer Rates:

Flat Rate

\$15.00 for residential

Flat Rate

\$15.00 for commercial

Solid Waste:

Monthly charge

\$ 9.25 for residential

Monthly charge

\$18.40 for commercial

Electric Rates:

Monthly charge

\$ 9.00 for residential

Monthly charge

\$11.00 for commercial

All customers

\$.015 per KWHR

plus Energy Cost Adjustment

Note 5 – Pension Plan

Plan Description. The City of Morrill participates in the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan as provided by K.S.A. 74-4901, et. Seq. Kansas law establishes and amends benefit provisions. KPERS issues a publically available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. KPERS' financial statements are included in its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the KPERS website at www.kpers.org or by writing to KPERS (611 South Kansas, Suite 100, Topeka, KS 66603) or by calling 1-888-275-5737.

Contributions. K.S.A. 74-4919 and K.S.A. 74-49,210 establish the KPERS member-employee contribution rates. KPERS has multiple benefit structures and contribution rates depending on whether the employee is a KPERS 1, KPERS 2 or KPERS 3 member. KPERS 1 members are active and contributing members hired before July 1, 2009. KPERS 2 members were first employed in a covered position on or after July 1, 2009, and KPERS 3 members were first employed in a covered position on or after January 1, 2015. Effective January 1, 2015, Kansas law established the KPERS member-employee contribution rate at 6% of covered salary for KPERS 1, KPERS 2 and KPERS 3 members. Member

contributions are withheld by their employer and paid to KPERS according to the provisions of Section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.

State law provides that the employer contribution rates for KPERS 1 and KPERS 2 and KPERS 3 be determined based on the results of each annual actuarial valuation. Kansas law sets a limitation on annual increases in the employer contribution rates. The actuarially determined employer contribution rate (not including the 0.85% contribution rate for Death and Disability Program) and the statutory contribution rate was 9.48% for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015. Contributions to the pension plan from the City of Morrill were \$5,829 for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Net Pension Liability

At December 31, 2015, the City of Morrill's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability reported by KPERS was \$50,053. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2014, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2015. The City of Morrill's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the ratio of the contributions to KPERS, relative to the total employer and non-employer contributions of the Local subgroup within KPERS. Since the KMAAG regulatory basis of accounting does not recognize long-term debt, this liability is not reported in these financial statements.

The complete actuarial valuation report including all actuarial assumptions and methods, and the report on the allocation of the KPERS collective net pension liability to all participating employers are publicly available on the website at www.kpers.org or can be obtained as described above.

Note 6 - Compliance with Kansas Law

References made herein to the statutes are not intended as interpretations of law, but are offered for consideration of the Director of Accounts and Reports and interpretation by the County Attorney and legal representatives of the City. There were no apparent statutory violations during the year ended December 2015.

Note 7 - Water Purchase Contract

The City purchases its water from the City of Sabetha, Kansas at a rate of \$3.33 per 1,000 gallons the original contract is dated August 29, 1991 and is subject to increases after each audit of the Sabetha water utility. The City sold 4,553,800 gallons of water to customers and purchased 5,288,400 gallons from the City of Sabetha, the water loss percentage was 14% in 2015.

Note 8 – Waste Management Contract

The City contracts with Larry's Services for refuse collection at a rate of \$9.25 per residential customer and \$18.40 per commercial customer. The City bills for the services and receives a 3% discount for the billing processing. All bulk item pickups are billed directly by Larry's Services to the customer. The contract was initiated on September 1, 2003 and is extended on an annual basis.

Note 9 – Electrical Service Contract

The City purchases power from Westar Energy at a rate of \$.1712 plus variable charges per kilowatt hour. The contract is effective August 2, 2010 and has a term of twenty years. The City sold 1,094,101 kilowatt hours to customers and purchased 1,254,353 kilowatt hours from Westar Energy, the electricity loss percentage was 13% in 2015.

Note 10 – Compensated Absences

The City vacation and sick policies are as follows:

Vacation Leave:

	Number of days
Years of	received on
<u>Service</u>	anniversary date
0-1	5
1-10	10

After ten years of service the employee earns one extra day of vacation for each year over ten years the maximum accrual is 120 hours.

Sick Leave:

Employees earn 40 hours of sick time per year and can be carried over for two additional years. The maximum accumulated sick leave shall not exceed 120 hours.

Note 11 - Infrastructure

The City has elected not to comply with Government Accounting Standards Board 34 (GASB 34), which requires Cities to account for their infrastructure.

Note 12 - Concentrations

The City is engaged in the sale of water, trash, electric and sewer services to customers located in the City. The City grants credit to those customers and requires no collateral but does require a service deposit.

Note 13 - Risk Management

The City has various risks including general liabilities, employees injured while working, automobile, etc. The City insures these risks through various insurance policies.

Note 14 – Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through July 20, 2016, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.